Managing Up and Down Early career, Research and Education track

CRA-WP Career Mentoring Workshop 2023



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Outline

Management in Principle

Management in Practice

Report Out/Open Forum

Tips and Lessons Learned



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Management in Principle

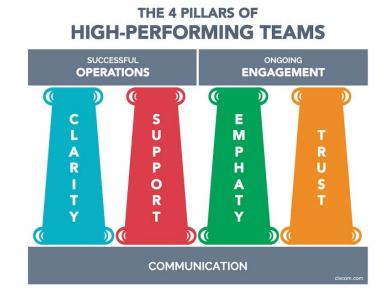
- Importance of Intentional Management
- Management vs Leadership
- Range of Management Experiences
- Responsibility vs Authority
- Outcome Intentionality



Why Intentional Management?

"Teams have four elements common commitment and purpose, performance goals, complementary skills, and mutual accountability." -Katzenbach & Smith

A manager is responsible for ensuring all of these elements are present.





Management vs Leadership



A *leader* creates a vision that <u>inspires people</u> to effect meaningful change.

A manager creates an environment in that enables people to accomplish a shared purpose.

Computing Research Association Widening Participation

Management vs Leadership

People often make it into **leadership** because they're good at getting things done, but now we need them to get good at having other people get things done - Anderson

Manage the vision and the strategy, not just the business operations - McNair

Empowerment is something someone gives you. Self leadership is what you do to make it work - Blanchard

You are braver than you believe, stronger than you seem, and smarter than you think - Frankel

Dimensions of Management Engagements



Directionality: relationship/status to those being managed

- You always have an intent, you may have a responsibility
- Down: definitive authority Across: may have loose authority
- Up: no authority



Temporality: duration of the engagement

- Fleeting: short, minutes to days
 Transient: medium, days to weeks
 Persistent: long, months to years



Plurality: amount of people in the engagement

- One on one
- Small group
- Large group



Relevance: importance of the outcome



Responsibility v.s. Authority

· Responsibility: obligations, duties, or tasks

· Authority: power to decide, act, or control



- Responsibility & authority should be balanced:
 - should have necessary and sufficient authority to perform responsibilities
 - responsibility without authority can lead to ineffectiveness
 - authority without responsibility can lead to misuse or abuse



Management Intentionality

Be clear: develop and communicate clear goals, objectives, and expectations

Engage: inform, inspire, facilitate, and give feedback

Trust: empower and delegate, with intent to minimize micro-management

Nurture: the individuals and environment to create a positive, productive, and inclusive workplace

Management in Practice

- Two 8-minute group sessions
 Up to four, including scribe/reporter
- Discussion topics:
 - The underperforming RA:
 Managing down (front left)
 - The imposing chair: Managing up (front right)
 - Inspiring faculty: Managing across (back left)
 - Student group project: Managing conflict (back right)

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Guided Report Out/Open Forum

Report out from scribes Questions, Reflections





Amanda's Tips and Lessons Learned

- A good manager's goal is to get the work done
- A great manager's goals are to get the right work done, and to grow leaders
- My favorite management book: The Team that Managed Itself: A Story of Leadership - Christina Wodtke



Dorian's Tips and Lessons Learned

Management/negotiation: concurrently solving multiple people's problems

- Understand and appreciate the relevant contexts
- Build rapport: engender trust, credibility, reliability and good faith
- Ask only for what you need, give back what you don't
- Take on only what you can handle
- Prevent conflict but never avoid it
- Control your emotions
- Document agreements
- Leverage or authority should be the last recourse
- Negotiate with evidential support, data when you can!



Thank you

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