

Research Questions Prompted by the CitiSense Air Quality Monitoring System

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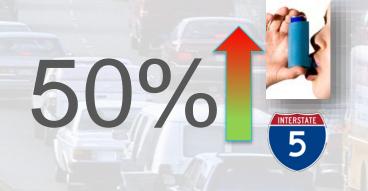


School of **Engineering**

Air Quality? Didn't we solve that in the 70's?



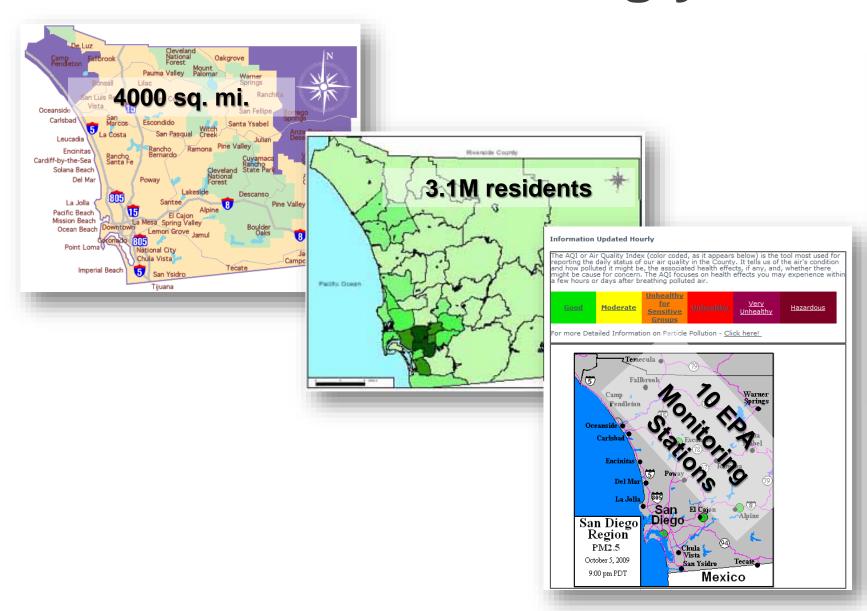




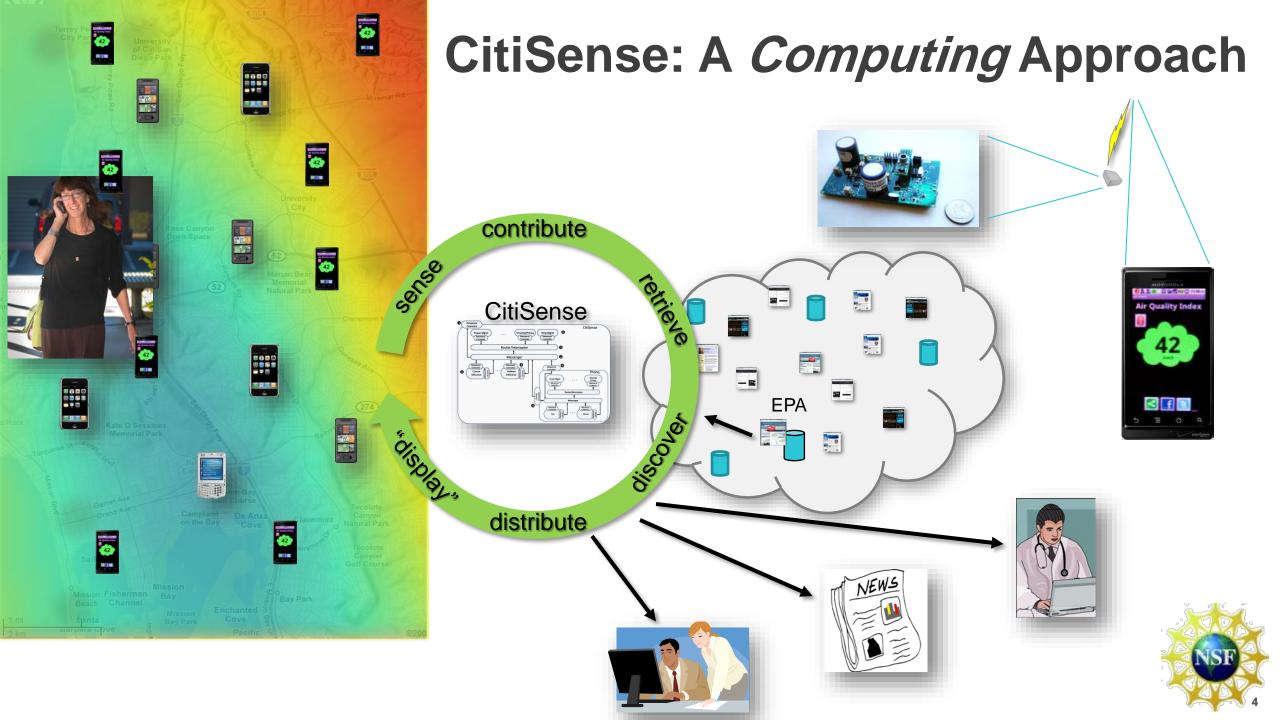
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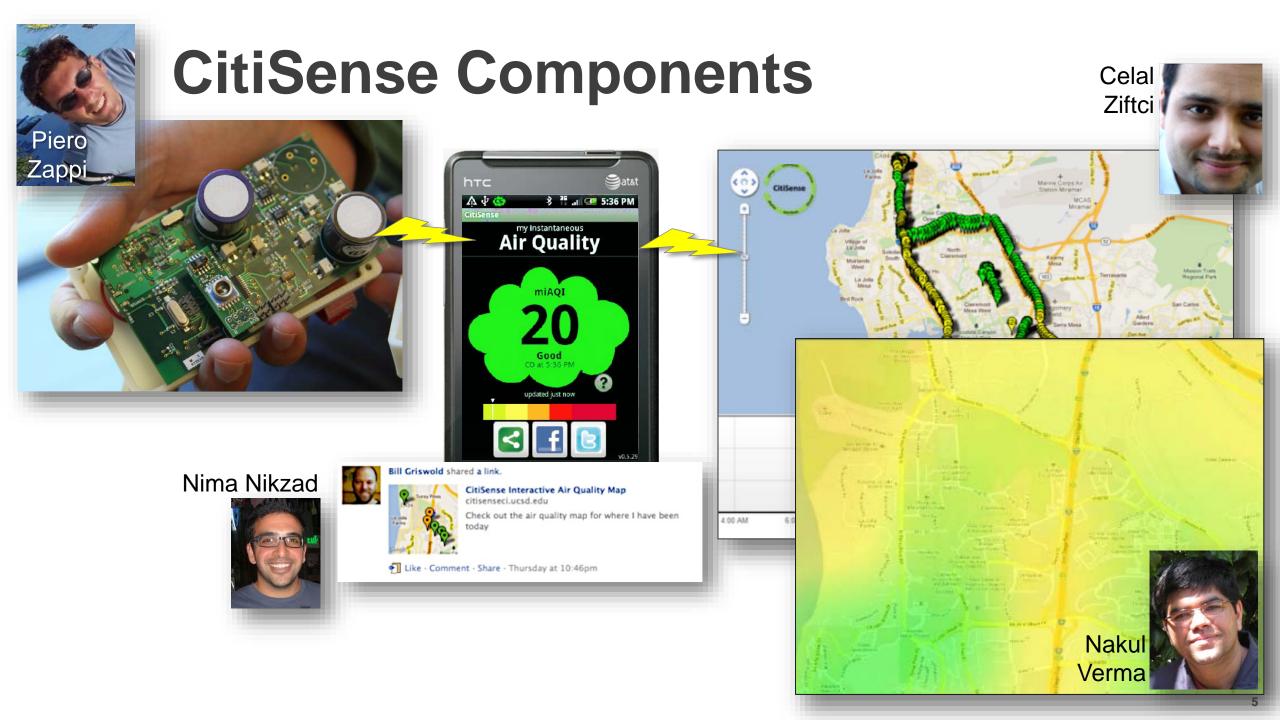


So how is it affecting you? No idea.





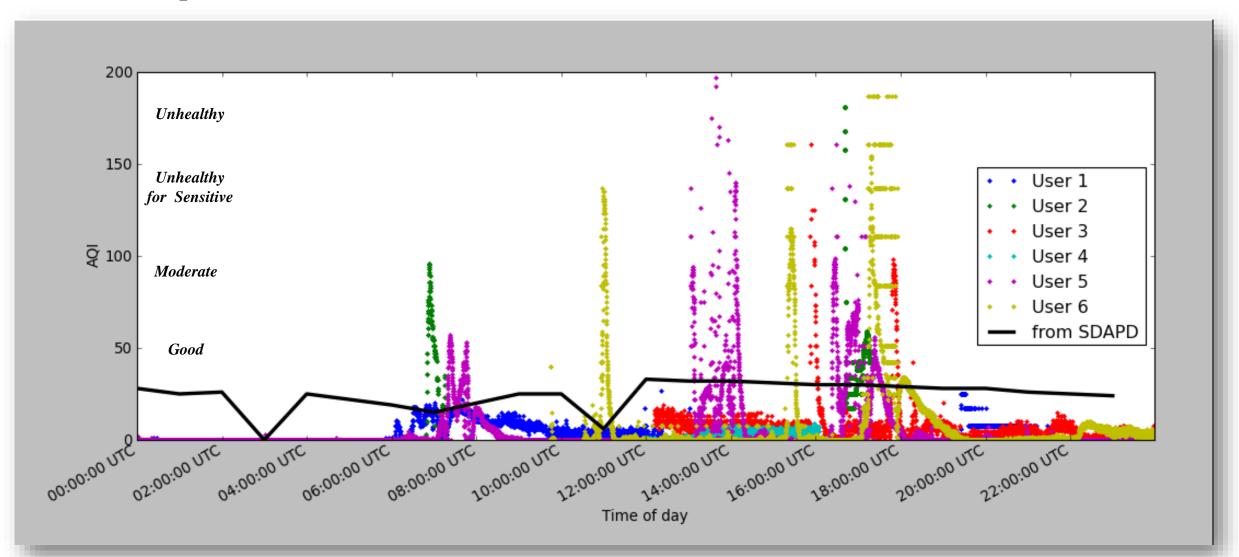




Pollution levels vary widely by locale



Individual exposures vary widely compared to reported EPA "AQI"



Same Road, Different Exposure



Those who are doing the most to clean the air are paying a price

Poor and youth more affected

Highlights potential of participatory systems like CitiSense



System-Level Research Problems

How can we affordably collect high-resolution, high-accuracy (air quality) data, at scale, to guide public policy?

- Preliminary answers from CitiSense:
 - Commodity sensors (connected to commodity mobile devices)
 - Personal mobile; also fixed, drone...
 - Machine learning
- Encountered two unanticipated research problems
 - Power management
 - Data quality





Mobile Power Management

Tempus

- Techniques
 - duty cycling
 - batching
- Tradeoffs
 - availability
 - resolution
 - timeliness
 - code modularity
 - ENT.

Nima Nikzad

- Idea 1: Programming support for delaying expensive operations until cheap (piggybacking)
 - E.g., don't use WiFi until another service turns it on
 - New operation, "WaitUntil" in front of key network calls, etc.
 - Runtime monitoring of system service states
- Idea 2: Govern by quality-of-service decls on objects
 - Data-flow analysis finds object paths through WaitUntil's
 - At run-time, log the time a tracked object spends at WaitU
 - When object's specified delay is used up, WaitUntil terminates immediately
- Incremental, but not really modular power management





Octav Chipara, Marjan Radi, and Farley Lai (U. Iowa)

MetaSense

Data Quality: The Dirty Secret

- Calibration
- Cross-sensitivity
- Air flow
- Rate of change
- Warm-up time
- Context
- ...?

- Idea: crowd-enabled field calibration
 - Field data naturally varied by context
 - But less controlled
- More machine learning
 - use redundancy of readings among sensors and over time to identify readings not predicted by ML, hence "out of bounds"
- Context capture, fed into ML
- In early modelling phase



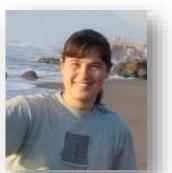
Dasgupta



Mike Hannigan (CU Boulder)



Ashley Collier (CU Boulder)



Tajana Rosing



Max Menarini



Sharad Vikram



Christine Chan



Kevin Patrick (Preventive Medicine)

Promise, in progress

Mass commodity sensing of our environment shows potential

- We have the elements of an architecture
- Challenges remain, e.g.
 - Power management
 - Data quality

