

Human Autonomy through Robotics Autonomy

Brenna Argall

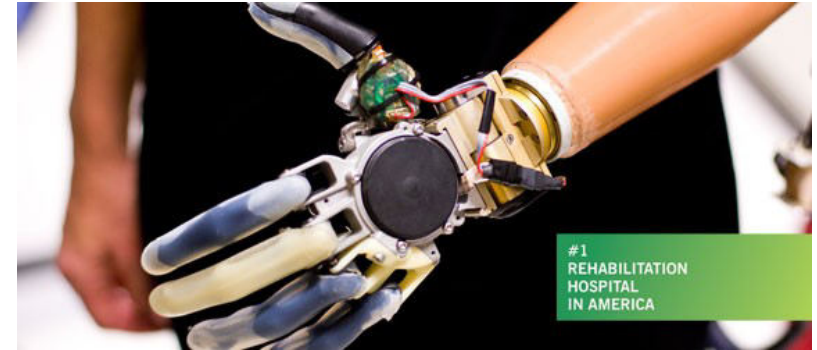
Northwestern University

Rehabilitation Institute of Chicago

[Shirley Ryan AbilityLab]



Human Rehabilitation



Assistive Machines



Ekso Bionics

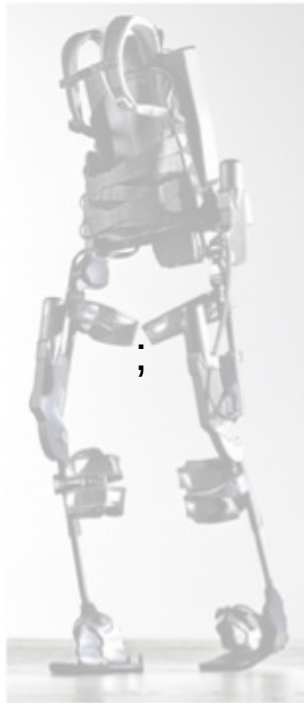


Quantum



Kinova Robotics

Assistive Machines



Ekso Bionics



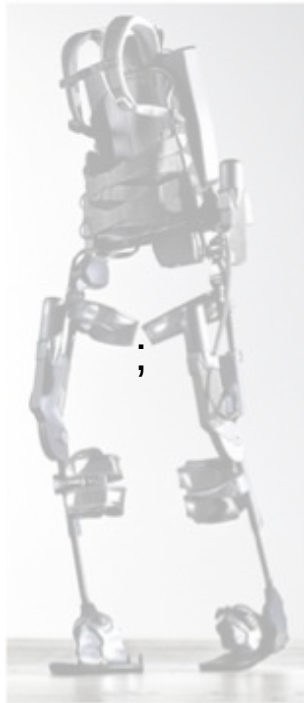
Quantum



Kinova Robotics



Assistive Machines



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Quantum



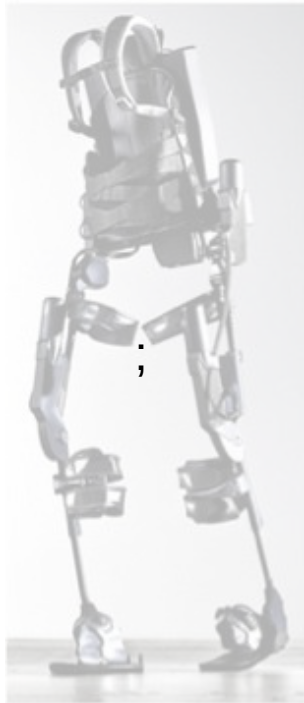
Kinova Robotics



Unassisted Operation



Assistive Machines



Ekso Bionics



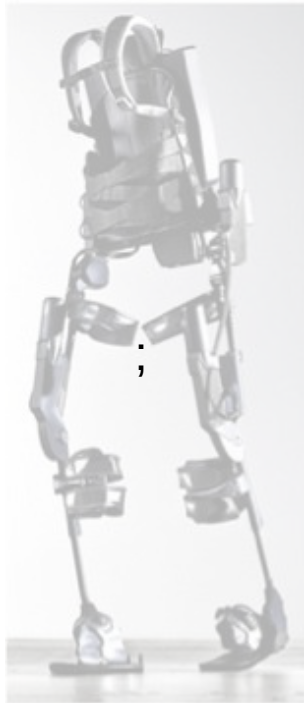
Quantum



Kinova Robotics



Assistive Machines



Ekso Bionics



Quantum



Kinova Robotics



Unassisted Operation



Assistive Machine



Assistive Machine

Assistive Machine → Robot



Assistive Machine



Sensing

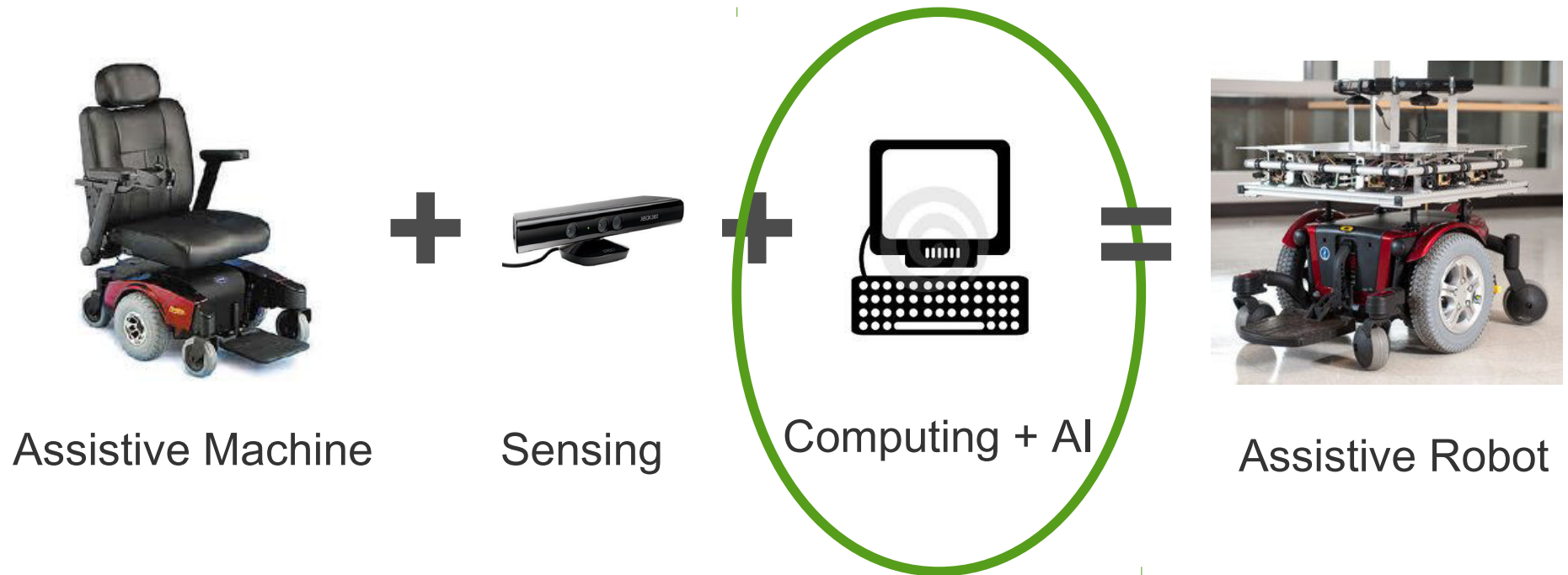


Computing + AI



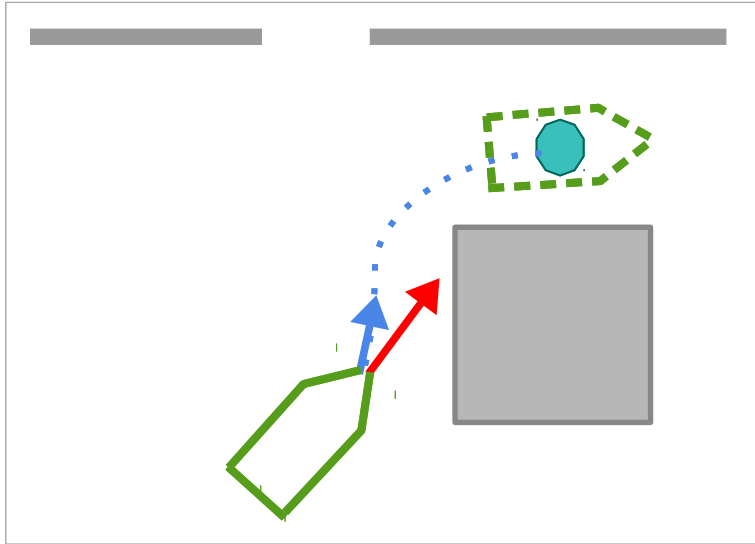
Assistive Robot

Assistive Machine → Robot



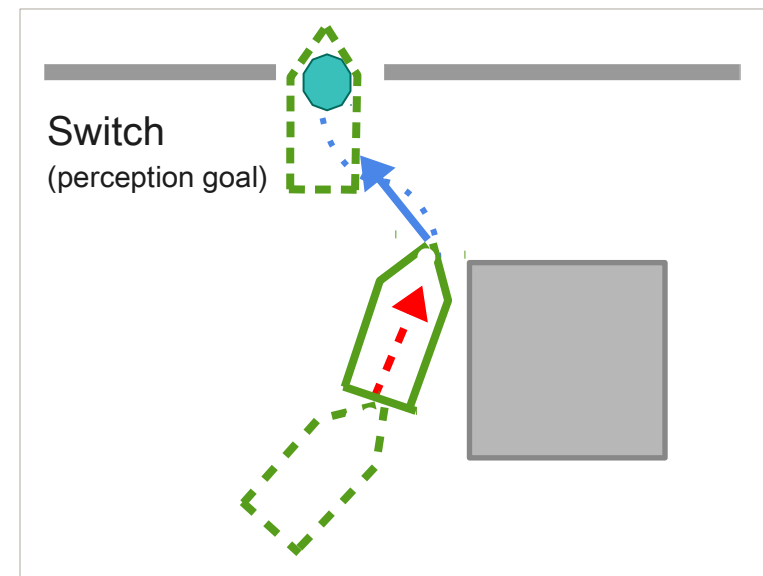
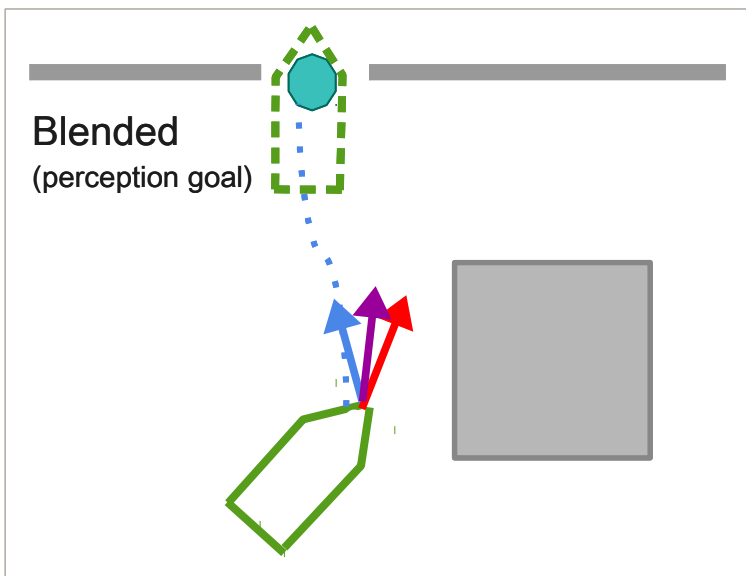
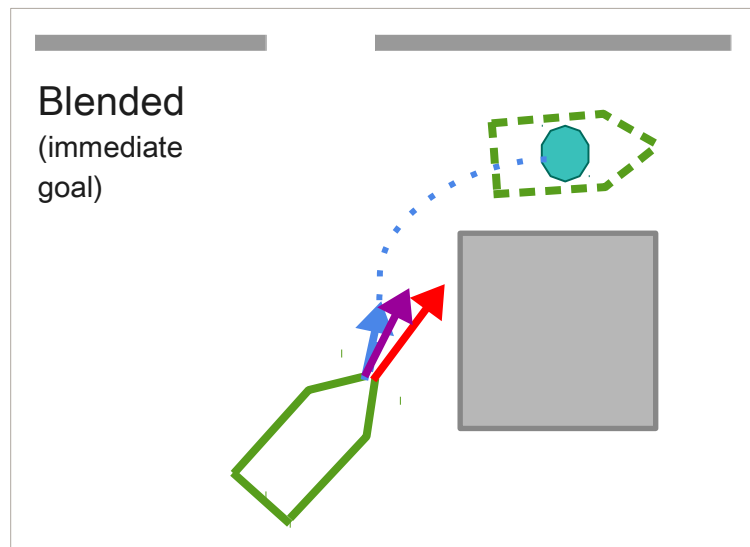
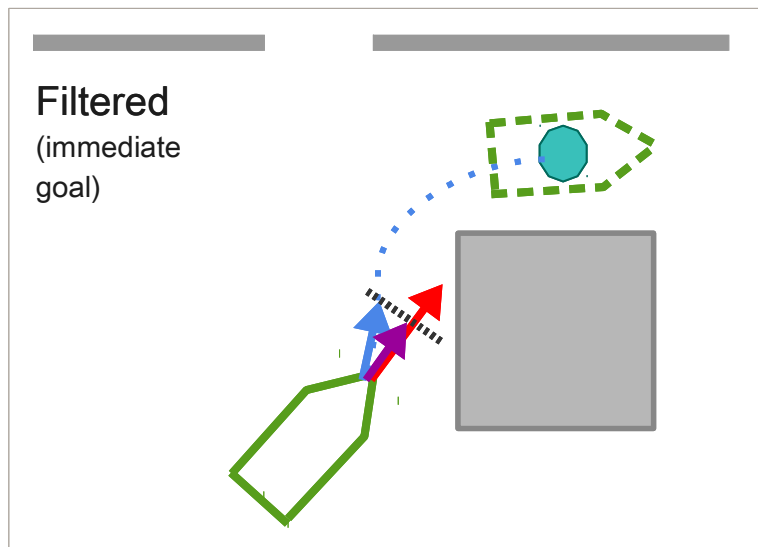
How to *share control*
between
the human
and
the autonomy?

How to Share Control



Commands:
← User
← Autonomy

How to Share Control



Commands:
→ User
→ Autonomy
→ Executed

How to Share Control

...similar performance across control-sharing paradigms.

Filtered



Blended
(immediate
goal)



Blended
(perception
goal)



Switch



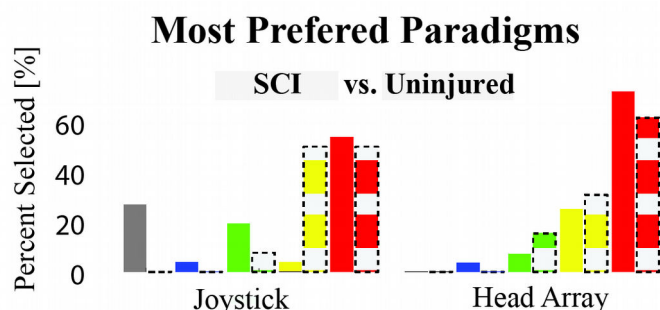
Results :: How to Share Control

...but *not* in user preference

A. Erdogan and B. Argall. *The Effect of Robotic Wheelchair Control Paradigm and Interface on User Performance, Effort and Preference: An Experimental Assessment*. RAS, 2017.

Results :: How to Share Control

...but *not* in user preference



Comparative
Study

5 Control paradigms

2 Interfaces

2-4 Sessions

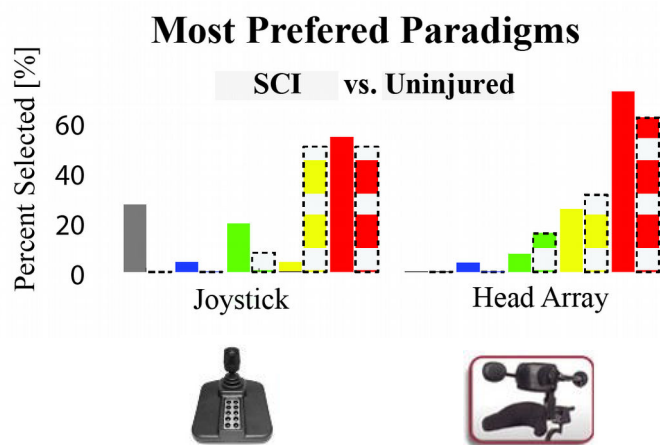
7 SCI subjects

7 Uninjured subjects

A. Erdogan and B. Argall. *The Effect of Robotic Wheelchair Control Paradigm and Interface on User Performance, Effort and Preference: An Experimental Assessment*. RAS, 2017.

Results :: How to Share Control

...but *not* in user preference,
...or across interfaces.



~50% switch preference with interface



Comparative
Study

5 Control paradigms

2 Interfaces

2-4 Sessions

7 SCI subjects

7 Uninjured subjects

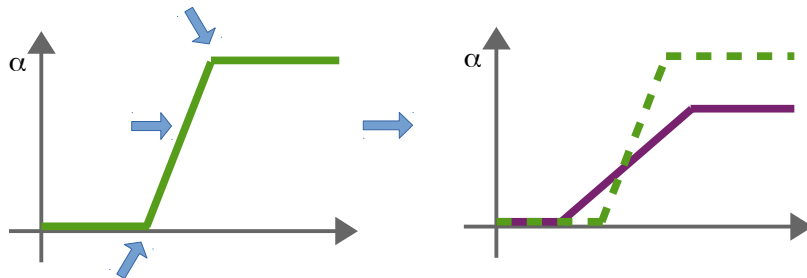
A. Erdogan and B. Argall. *The Effect of Robotic Wheelchair Control Paradigm and Interface on User Performance, Effort and Preference: An Experimental Assessment*. RAS, 2017.

End-user Customization

Without Assistance



With Assistance



D. Gopinath, S. Jain and B. Argall. *Human-in-the-Loop Optimization of Shared Autonomy in Assistive Robotics*. RA-L and CASE, 2016.

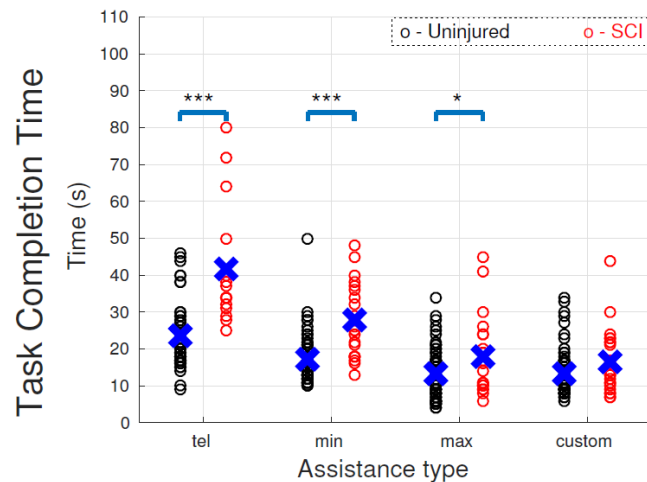
Results :: End-user Customization

...*only* end-user customization *eliminated* differences between those with and without injury.

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Results :: End-user Customization

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Exploratory Study

4 SCI subjects
13 Uninjured
subjects

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Advancing Human Autonomy

Advancing Human Autonomy

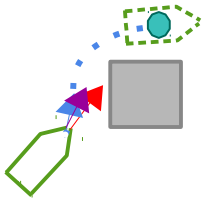


Robotics autonomy can *bridge gaps* in human function.

Advancing Human Autonomy



Robotics autonomy can *bridge gaps* in human function.

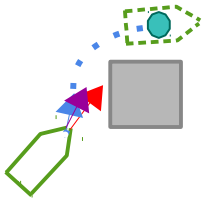


The autonomy should to be *customized* to the human.

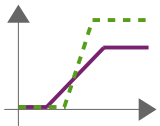
Advancing Human Autonomy



Robotics autonomy can *bridge gaps* in human function.



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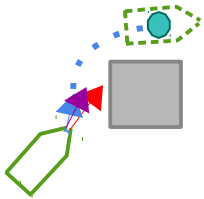


This customization likely needs to *adapt* over time.

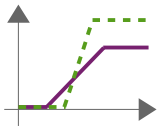
Advancing Human Autonomy



Robotics autonomy can *bridge gaps* in human function.



The autonomy should to be *customized* to the human.



This customization likely needs to *adapt* over time.



Extends to other human-robot teams.