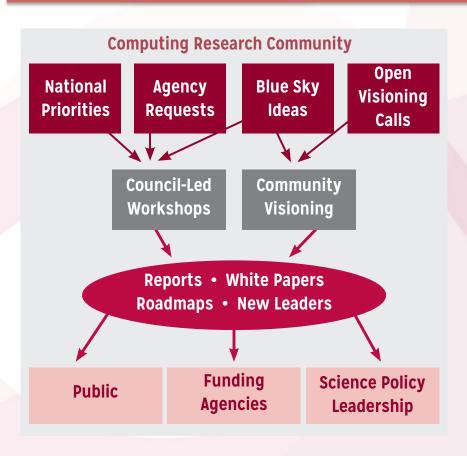
THE COMPUTING COMMUNITY CONSORTIUM

Elizabeth D. Mynatt Chair



COMPUTING COMMUNITY CONSORTIUM

The **mission** of the Computing Research Association's Computing Community Consortium (CCC) is to **catalyze** the computing research community and **enable** the pursuit of innovative, high-impact research.



Bring the computing research community together to envision audacious research challenges.

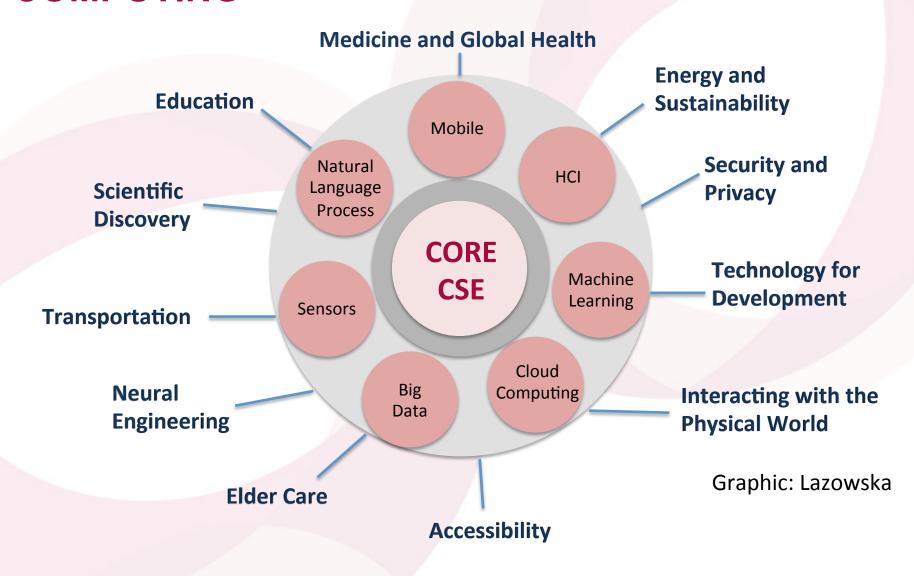
Communicate these challenges and opportunities to the broader national community.

Facilitate investment in these research challenges by key stakeholders.

Inculcate values of **leadership** and service by the computing research community.

Inform and influence early career researchers to engage in these community-led research challenges.

THE RAPIDLY EXPANDING WORLD OF COMPUTING



THE CCC COUNCIL





























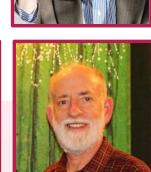












KEY CCC ACTIVITIES

Community Visioning
Blue Sky Conference Tracks

Reports and Whitepapers

Task Forces

- Artificial Intelligence
- Cybersecurity
- Human Technology Frontier
- Intelligent Infrastructure
- Post Moore's Law Computing
- Privacy and Fairness

Intelligent Infrastructure Papers (Spring 2017):

- Research Agenda for Intelligent Infrastructure
- Transportation and Mobility
- Digital Grid
- Disaster Management, Community Resilience and Public Safety
- City Scale Intelligent Systems and Platforms
- Food, Energy, and Water
- Safety and Security for II
- Privacy in Information-Rich Intelligent Infrastructure
- A Rural Lens on Intelligent Infrastructure
- Smart Wireless Communication

COMPUTING RESEARCH

ADDRESSING NATIONAL PRIORITIES AND SOCIETAL NEEDS



Communicate the role of computing research to address national and societal priorities

- Inform
- Frame
- Catalyze
- Propel





INTELLIGENT INFRASTRUCTURE FOR **OUR CITIES AND COMMUNITIES**





A National Research Agenda for Intelligent Infrastructure

Elizabeth Mynatt Georgia Tech Computing Community Consortium Jennifer Clark Georgia Tech

Greg Hager Johns Hopkins University

A Rural Lens on a Research Agenda for Intelligent Infrastructure

Ellen Zegura Georgia Tech Beki Grinter Georgia Tech Elizabeth Belding University of California, Santa Barbara

Klara Nahrstedt University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

A National Agenda for Intelligent Infrastructure is not complete without explicit consideration of the needs of rural communities. While the American population has urbanized, the United States depends on rural communities for

Intelligent Infrastructure for Smart Agriculture: An Integrated Food, Energy and Water System

Shashi Shekhar University of Minnesota

Joe Colletti Iowa State University Francisco Muñoz-Arriola University of Nebraska-L

Lav Varshney

Lakshmish Ramaswamy The University of Georgia Chandra Krintz University of California, Santa

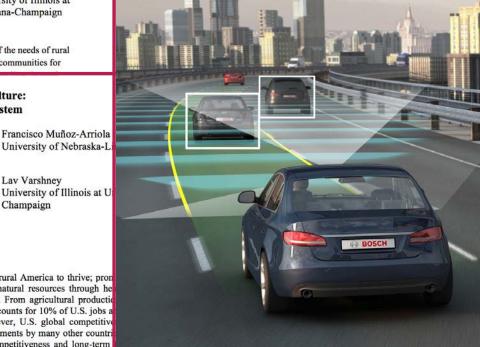
Barbara

Champaign

Debra Richardson University of California, Irvine

Abstract: Agriculture provides economic opportunity through innovation; helps rural America to thrive; pron agricultural production that better nourishes Americans; and aims to preserve natural resources through he private working lands, conservation, improved watersheds, and restored forests. From agricultural production food supply, agriculture supports rural and urban economies across the U.S. It accounts for 10% of U.S. jobs a currently creating new jobs in the growing field of data-driven farming. However, U.S. global competitive associated with food and nutrition security is at risk because of accelerated investments by many other countri agriculture, food, energy, and resource management. To ensure U.S. global competitiveness and long-term security, it is imperative that we build sustainable physical and cyber infrastructures to enable self-managing and





INTELLIGENT INFRASTRUCTURE FOR OUR CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

Daniel Lopresti Moderator Lehigh University



Michael Dunaway Plenary Louisiana at Lafayette



Jennifer Clark Panelist Georgia Tech



Elizabeth Belding Panelist UC Santa Barbara



Chandra Krintz
Panelist
UC Santa Barbara



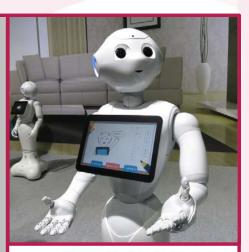
Megan Ryerson Panelist U Penn



AI AND AMPLIFYING HUMAN ABILITIES









Advances in Artificial Intelligence Require Progress Across all of Computer Science

February 2017

Gregory D. Hager, Randal Bryant, Eric Horvitz, Maja Matarić, and Vasant Honavar

Over the last decade, the constellation of computing technologies referred to as artificial intelligence (AI) has emerged into the public view as an important frontier of technological innovation with potential influences in many realms. Advances in many disciplines related to AI, including machine learning, robotics, computer vision, natural language processing, inference, decision-making, and planning, are contributing to new-fielded products, services, and experiences. Offerings such as navigation systems, web search, speech recognition, machine translation, face recognition, and recommender engines have become part of the daily life of millions of people. Other applications coming to the fore include semi-autonomous and autonomous ground and air vehicles, systems that harness planning and scheduling, intelligent tutoring, robotics. More broadly, cyber-physical and robotic systems, incorporating varying degrees of AI technology, are poised to be fielded in a variety of real-world settings.

AI AND AMPLIFYING HUMAN ABILITIES

Elizabeth Mynatt Moderator Georgia Tech



Thad Starner Plenary Georgia Tech



Brenna Argall Panelist Northwestern



Jeffrey Bingham Panelist Carnegie Mellon



Suchi Saria Panelist Johns Hopkins



Cliff Young Panelist Google



SECURITY AND PRIVACY FOR DEMOCRACY



Safety, Security, and Privacy Threats Posed by Accelerating Trends in the Internet of Things

Kevin Fu, Tadayoshi Kohno, Daniel Lopresti, Elizabeth Mynatt, Klara Nahrstedt, Shwetak Patel, Debra Richardson, Ben Zorn

Abstract: The Internet of Things (IoT) is already transforming industries, cities, and homes. The economic value of this transformation across all industries is estimated to be trillions of dollars and the societal impact on energy efficiency, health, and productivity are enormous. Alongside potential benefits of interconnected smart devices comes increased risk and potential for abuse when embedding sensing and intelligence into every device. One of the core problems with the increasing number of lot devices is the increased complexity that is required to operate them safely and



Privacy-Preserving Data Analysis for the Federal Statistical Agencies

January 2017

John Abowd, Lorenzo Alvisi, Cynthia Dwork, Sampath Kannan, Ashwin Machar Jerome Reiter

Government statistical agencies collect enormously valuable data on the national business activities. Wide access to these data enables evidence-based posupports new research that improves society, facilitates training for students and provides resources for the public to better understand and participate in These data also affect the private sector. For example, the Employment Situa States, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, moves markets. Nonethel agencies are under increasing pressure to limit access to data because of a grounderstanding of the threats to data privacy and confidentiality.



SECURITY AND PRIVACY FOR DEMOCRACY

Kevin Fu Moderator Michigan



Roger Dingledine Panelist Tor Project



Simson L. Garfinkel Panelist US Census



Phillipa Gill Panelist UMass



Daniela Oliveira Panelist Florida



Dan Wallach Panelist Rice



DATA, ALGORITHMS, AND FAIRNESS

What's Even Creepier Than Target Guessing You're Pregnant?

By Jordan Ellenberg







Privacy in Information-Rich Intelligent Infrastructure

Cynthia Dwork

George J. Pannas



Big Data, Data Science, and Civil Rights

Solon Barocas, Elizabeth Bradley, Vasant Honavar, and Foster Provost

Abstract

Advances in data analytics bring with them civil rights implications. Data-driven and algorithmic decision making increasingly determine how businesses target advertisements to consumers, how police departments monitor individuals or groups, how banks decide who gets a loan and who does not, how employers hire, how colleges and universities make admissions and financial aid decisions, and much more. As data-driven decisions increasingly affect every corner of our lives, there is an urgent need to ensure they do not become instruments of discrimination, barriers to equality, threats to social justice, and sources of unfairness. In this paper, we argue for a concrete research agenda aimed at addressing these concerns, comprising five areas of emphasis: (i) Determining if models and modeling procedures exhibit objectionable bias; (ii) Building awareness of fairness into machine learning methods; (iii) Improving the transparency and control of data- and model-driven decision making; (iv) Looking beyond the algorithm(s) for sources of bias and unfairness—in the myriad human decisions made during the problem formulation and modeling process: and (v) Supporting the cross-disciplinary scholarship



PredPol* uses artificial intelligence to help you prevent crime by predicting when and where crime is most likely to occur, allowing you to optimize patrol resources and measure effectiveness.

DATA, ALGORITHMS, AND FAIRNESS

Nadya Bliss Moderator Arizona State



Solon Barocas Panelist Cornell



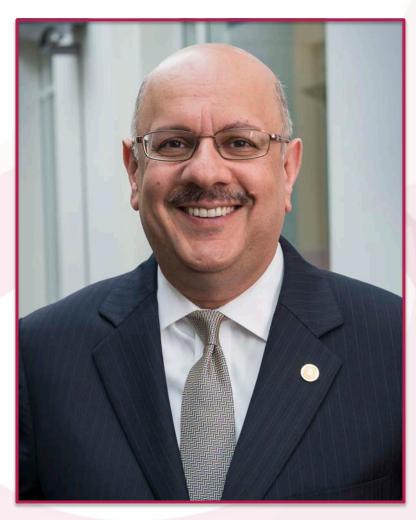
Nick Diakopoulous Panelist Northwestern



Kelly Jin
Panelist
Laura and John Arnold
Foundation



PLENARY - FARNAM JAHANIAN



Interim President of Carnegie Mellon University

Our Accelerating
Digital Future:
Trends, Disruptions,
and Market
Opportunities

CONNECTING COMPUTING WITH NATIONAL PRIORITIES

Mark Hill Moderator Wisconsin



Will Barkis
Panelist
Orange Silicon Valley



Patti Brenan Panelist NIH



Jim Kurose Panelist NSF



Bill Regli Panelist DARPA



POSTER RECEPTION



46 Early Career Researchers

Poster Session Part 1
3 PM in Waterside 2
& 3

Poster Reception Part 2 5:30 PM in Waterside 2 & 3



COMPUTING RESEARCH

ADDRESSING NATIONAL PRIORITIES AND SOCIETAL NEEDS



Communicate the role of computing research to address national and societal priorities

- Inform
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- Catalyze
- Propel



