Ŗ	Perelman Chool of Medicine Cho
¹⁻³ Michelle J. Johnson, PhD	Bridge Gaps in Stroke Care
¹ Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, University of ² BioEngineering, University of Pennsylvania	f Pennsylvania
	RRRD), Pennsylvania Institute of Rehabilitation Medicine
Penn CRASP Engineering Laboratory Gueral Robust, Australia, Straight Lab	AAAS Conference, 2022 For Empowering people using robot technology

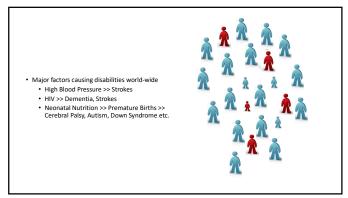
Agenda

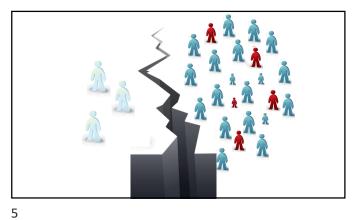
1

- Myths about rehab robots
- Review 2 case studies

2

Rehabilitation Robots
will take therapists
and clinical rehab jobs







Therapist >> Robot

- Ideally the robot should take on three roles as demonstrator, observer and helper and co-act with the patient
 Helper role is often seen in hands-on effector THERAPY ROBOTS (e.g., ADLER, Theradrive)
 Demonstrator and Observer Roles are often found in ASSISTIVE ROBOTS or SERVICE ROBOTS (e.g. Nao)
 Fluid transitioning from contact to non-contact with a patient is not often done due to huge safety concerns about soft and hard impacts.

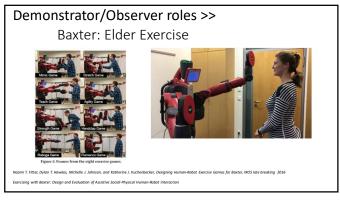


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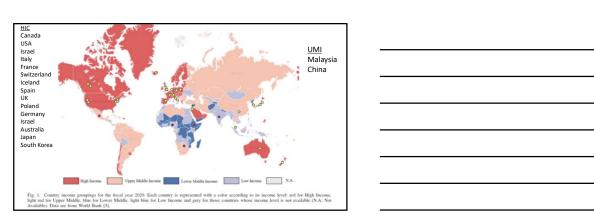
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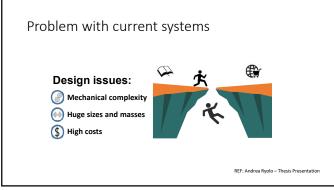




Rehabilitation Robots are expensive and not worth the cost

11

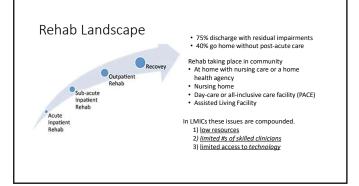




Therapy Robots

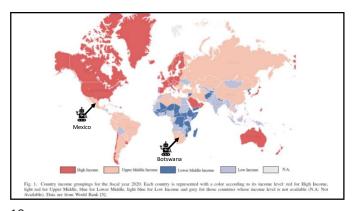
- Automate traditional therapy treatments
- Enable semi-autonomous training
- Provide consistent, repeatable, intensive training
- · Provide objective measures of recovery
- Reduce Impairment
- Increase Activity

14

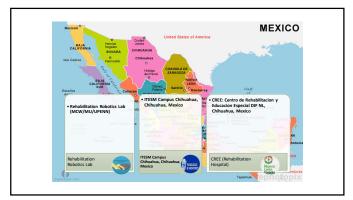




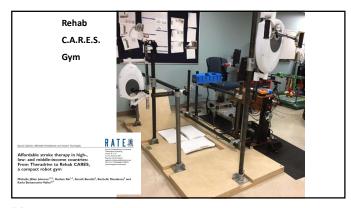




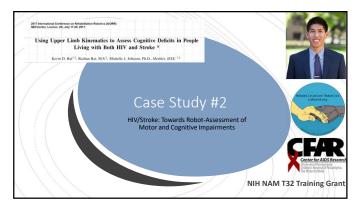














HIV, stroke, and rehabilitation in Botswana

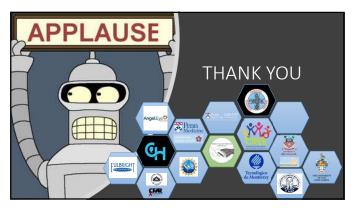
4th
2
bighest HIV prevalence in the world

Coccupational therapists in the main referral hospital

unpublished data







1. Patents filed on PANDA gym, Theradrive, Rehab CARES robot system

Financial Disclosures
2. Equity in a spin-off company of UPENN called Recupero Robotics, LLC.