Networking and Finding Advocates

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BS – South Dakota State
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A.J. Brush

Education

- Ph.D, University of Washington 2002, Williams College B.A. 1996

Career

- Microsoft, Microsoft Research for 12 years, 3 years in Cortana product
- Year of leave working in Industry as programmer for personal reasons
- Research Areas: HCI, Tech for the Home (Speech Interaction, Ubicomp, IoT)

Family and Fun:

- Kids: Colin(17) and Ryan (14).
- Hobbies: Exercise, Reading, Travel

The path to success

It takes a community to help you succeed and reach your full potential.

It is both WHAT you do and know, and WHO you know!

Networking

<u>IS</u>

Interacting with other people to exchange information and develop contacts especially to further your career.

IS NOT

- A substitute for quality work
- Just socializing or idle chitchat

Using people, name-dropping



Why Network?

- Building and publicizing your brand/reputation
- Becoming aware of new opportunities
- Identifying collaborators
- Learning about new ideas and approaches
- Getting invited to program committees, review panels, keynotes, journal editorship, etc.

Networking: How, Where, Who?

Where to Network? (Answer: Everywhere!)

- School
- Work
- Conferences and workshops
- Technical talks/seminars
- Industry Meet-ups
- Summer internships
- Sabbaticals
- Program Committee Meetings
- NSF Panel and other review meetings
- Social settings
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Activity: Introduce yourself

- Find someone near you that you don't know already and introduce yourself
- "Hi, My name is X, I'm from Y and I work on Z"

Practice this at least 50 times at Grad Cohort



Who: Make a targeted list

Know **why and who** you want to add to your network (e.g., before an event).

And know what you want from your network!

And not just people from your own discipline!

- Established Researchers in academia and industry in diverse disciplines
- Contemporaries/peers both junior and senior
- People who have open job positions or internships
- Industry technologists and leaders
- Technical advisors and experts
- Alumni
- NSF Program managers
- Venture capitalists
- Friends and neighbors



Networking Opportunities

Conferences/Workshops

- Volunteer
- Find someone alone and start a conversation
- Keep a short introduction/pitch ready practice!!

Talks/Seminars

- Ask a question
- Read the paper beforehand

School/work

- Informal and formal meetings with your colleagues, students
- Meet with visitors coming to campus
- Participate in committees

Industry internships/sabbaticals

- Get to know interns from other schools/disciplines
- Get to know folks other than your mentors.

Non-professional venues

Networking: build a plan

Give yourself a goal for an event

Example: meet 2 new people, talk with 1 research leader, etc.

Find group networking opportunities

- Example:, meals, conference outing, reception, student dinners
- Join a group that is casually talking and introduce yourself.
 (Don't barge into private conversations)
- Sit down with people you don't know at tables.

Prepare:

Example: Read papers ahead and write down questions you want to ask.

Some Tips:

- Ask for help introductions from your advisor, senior colleagues and mentors
- Volunteer: PCs, Panels, Conference organization jobs
- Follow up by email. Send your latest paper.
- Call the NSF/DARPA/other funding program managers.
- Don't be discouraged if people don't remember you. Reintroduce yourself.

At conferences: DO's

- ✓ Be yourself, Be active, Be confident
- ✓ Wear your badge visibly
- ✓ Speak! (don't just stand there)
- ✓ Use the dreaded microphone
- ✓ Talk to speakers after their presentations
- ✓ Talk to the person next to you
- ✓ Look people in the eyes
- ✓ Make lunch/dinner plans
- ✓ Attend social activities
- ✓ Get your friends/advisor to introduce you
- ✓ Make plans for follow up (write it down!)
- ✓ Re-connect with people you've met before

At Conferences, DON'T

DON'T hang around with your friends

DON'T interrupt private conversations

DON'T be overly negative/critical

DON'T hang on to a conversation too long

DON'T put too much stock in a single, short conversation

DON'T get discouraged

DON'T hide in your room



Activity (10 mins)

Self-Reflection

- 1. Think about and write down:
 - a. How have I networked so far in my career?
 - b. Who else should I network with?
 - c. What are the benefits of networking to me?
- 2. Turn to your neighbor and discuss.
- 3. Share any insights.



Finding Advocates

Advocates are sometimes called <u>sponsors</u>, so will use that term

What is the difference between a mentor and sponsor?

Mentors advise you.

Sponsors advocate for you.

Mentor vs Sponsor

- Mentors have mentees. Sponsors have protégés.
- Mentors participate in forma/informal discussions on building skills, knowledge, and confidence for career advancements. Sponsors promote protégés directly, connecting them to high-profile assignments, people, pay increase, or promotions
- Mentors helps mentee craft a career vision. Sponsors help drive protégé's career vision



Mentor vs Sponsor, cont.

- Mentors suggest how to expand mentee's network. Sponsors give protégés their active network connections and makes new connections for them
- Mentors offer insight into increasing visibility through finding projects/people. Sponsors champion their protégé's visibility, using their own platforms and reputation as a medium of exposure
- Mentors shares passively "unwritten rules" for advancement in their organization. Sponsors actively involve protégés in experiences that enable advancement

Mentors are good. Sponsors are different sorts of people

Mentors may be very well intentioned, like you a lot, respect your work and be deeply invested in your success.

But mentors may not speak up on your behalf. It's not from any ill intention

Sponsorship requires proactive energy.

Some mentors will act as sponsors, but you cannot bank on mentors to sponsor you.

My Bestest Sponsor Ever: Steve Levitan (RIP, March 2016)

Steve was the John A. Jurenko Professor of Computer Engineering at Pitt, and ACM SIGDA chair

Took a chance on me to create the PhD Forum at Design Automation Conference (DAC)

Invited me to join the SIGDA Board two years after starting my tenure-track job

Followed up with sponsorship with projects for the community:

Design Automation Summer School

The CADathlon at the International Conference on Computer-Aided Design (ICCAD)

Led way to leadership position at DAC and ICCAD (two biggest conference in my research area), where I was Technical Program Chair and General Chair

Why seek a sponsor?



Women are over-mentored and under-sponsored relative to their male peers (Ibarra, Carter, & Silva, 2010).





Men are 45% more likely to have a sponsor than women across industry sectors (CTI, 2015).



BETTER PAY

38% of sponsored women vs. 30% of unsponsored women will ask for a raise — sponsored women are likely to get it.



IMPROVE ADVANCEMENT

68% of sponsored women vs. 57% of unsponsored women report satisfactory pace in promotions.



MORE HIGH PROFILE ASSIGNMENTS

44% of sponsored women vs. 36% of unsponsored women will ask for high-visibility work.



INCREASE RETENTION

85% of mothers who are sponsored stay employed vs. only 58% without sponsors.

Activity

Think of your mentors and sponsors. How are they different? Do your current mentors act as sponsors?

What evidence do you have that someone is sponsoring you?

Who are potential sponsors for you?

Share with neighbor



Choose your potential sponsors wisely

Observe personalities of people in your network

- who speaks up (carefully)
- who has the ability to change the direction of a conversation
- whose opinion matters
- who won't hesitate to interject when need be (and are highly effective when doing so)

Avoid sponsorship from someone whose endorsement creates negative interactions

Example questions to ask when considering a sponsor

What can they offer you?

- Who makes pay, promotion or project/committee assignments that may affect you?
- Which senior leader has a network or platform most equipped to help you advance in your career?

What can you offer them?

 Which senior leader would benefit from you/your career advancement?

Building sponsor-protégé relationship

Rinse and repeat:

- Create opportunities for research/education/businessfocused conversations
- 2. Seek advice and take it
- 3. Follow up

Do not ask directly for a sponsorship. It just does not work that way

Takeaway

Developing powerful relationships through networking and finding advocates is too important to leave it up to chance

It all starts with you taking steps to build your network and to find you sponsors



Thank you!

